

# UN GLOBAL SOLUTIONS SUMMIT 2023

Thematic Session 2: Technology Roadmaps and Needs Assessments  
For Technology Deployment and Sustainable Development



## Democratization of Energy Technology Needs and Roadmap

Prof Deepak Divan

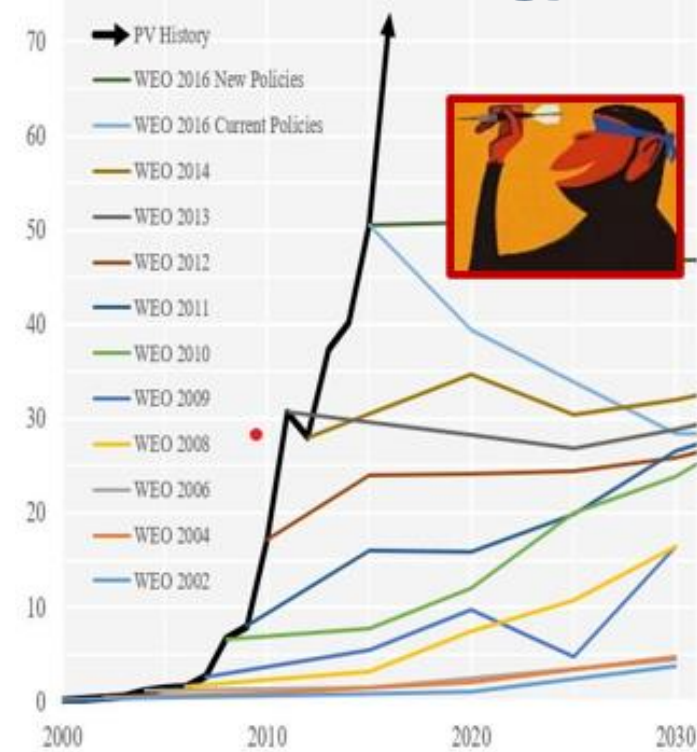
Global Chair – Empower a Billion Lives

Director, Georgia Tech Center for Distributed Energy

May 5, 2023

# Energy Transition ... massive global disruption underway

- Energy controlled by a few powerful nations (geopolitics of oil) or corporations, top-down regulated utilities are risk averse and cannot respond to rapid change
- All predictions for slow and planned growth disrupted by rapid growth of PV, wind, EV, & storage – energy transition heralds major paradigm shift w/ unpredictable outcomes
- In 2010 there was no major utility or automotive that believed EVs, PV or storage would be cost competitive over the next 10 years – boy, were they wrong!!

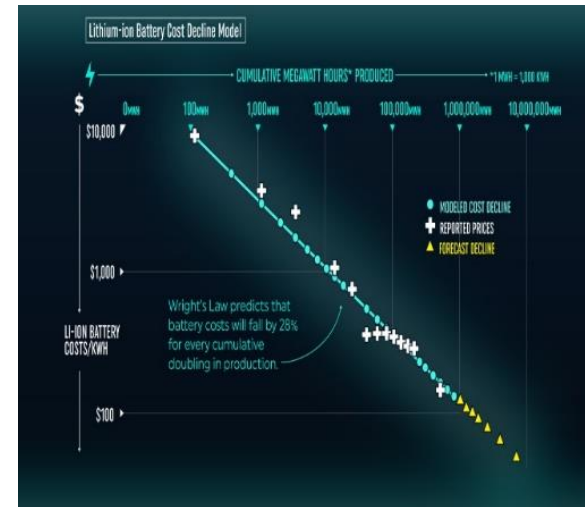


PV – IEA Projections vs Real Growth

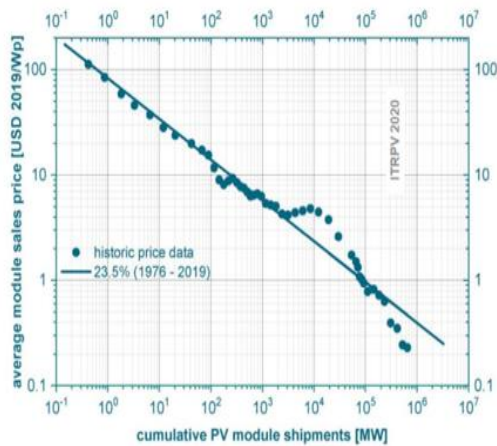
**Driver: Steep & Sustained Learning Curves**

**PV Cost**  
**\$/MWhr**  
 2000 - \$850  
 2022 - \$22  
 2040 - \$5

**Battery Cost**  
**\$/kWhr**  
 2000 - \$1500  
 2022 - \$120  
 2040 - \$60



Learning curve for module price as a function of cumulative shipments



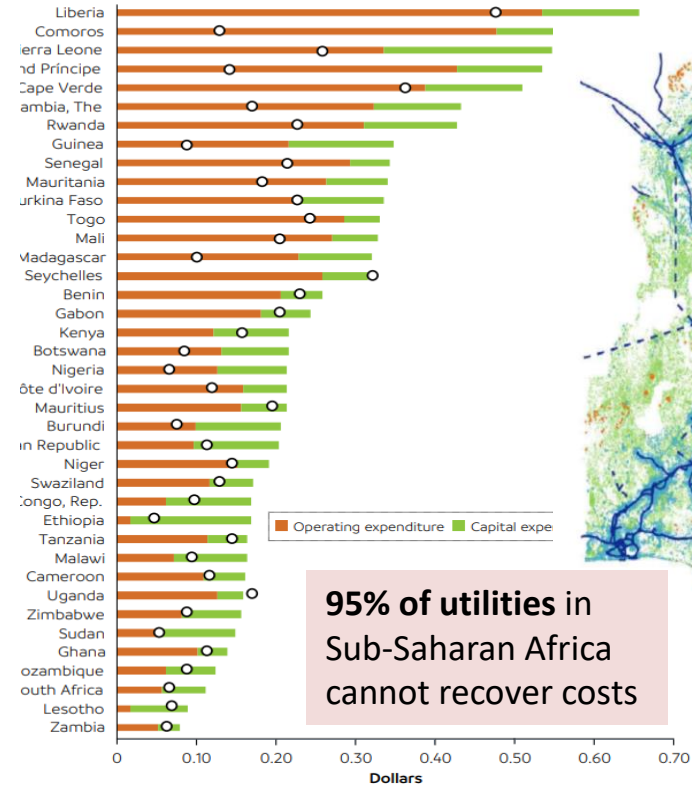
## Climate or Growth?

Reducing CO2 emissions is not a humanly relatable goal  
 For the first time, economics & climate actions are aligned

**Will the least developed nations be left behind – once again!**

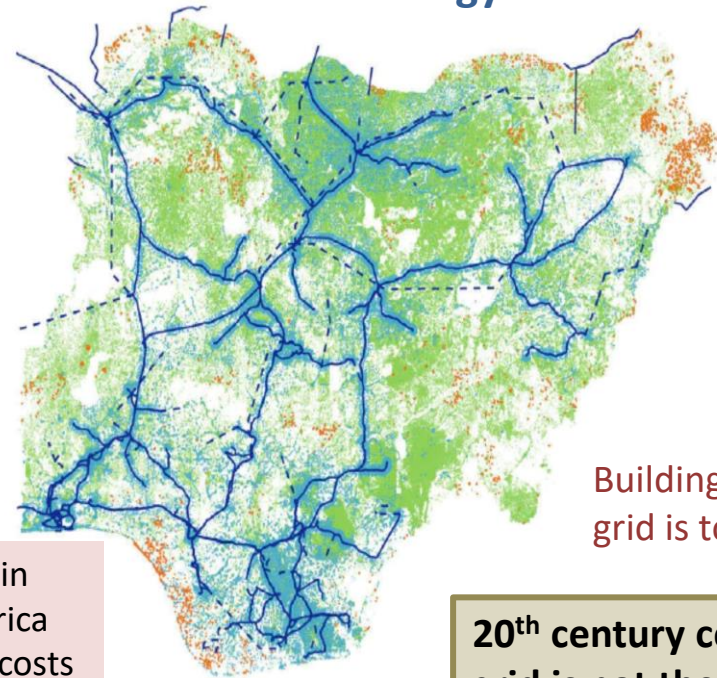
# Energy Access – The Elephant in the Room

Figure 2 Comparison of electric supply costs with cash collected in 2014 U.S. dollars



95% of utilities in Sub-Saharan Africa cannot recover costs

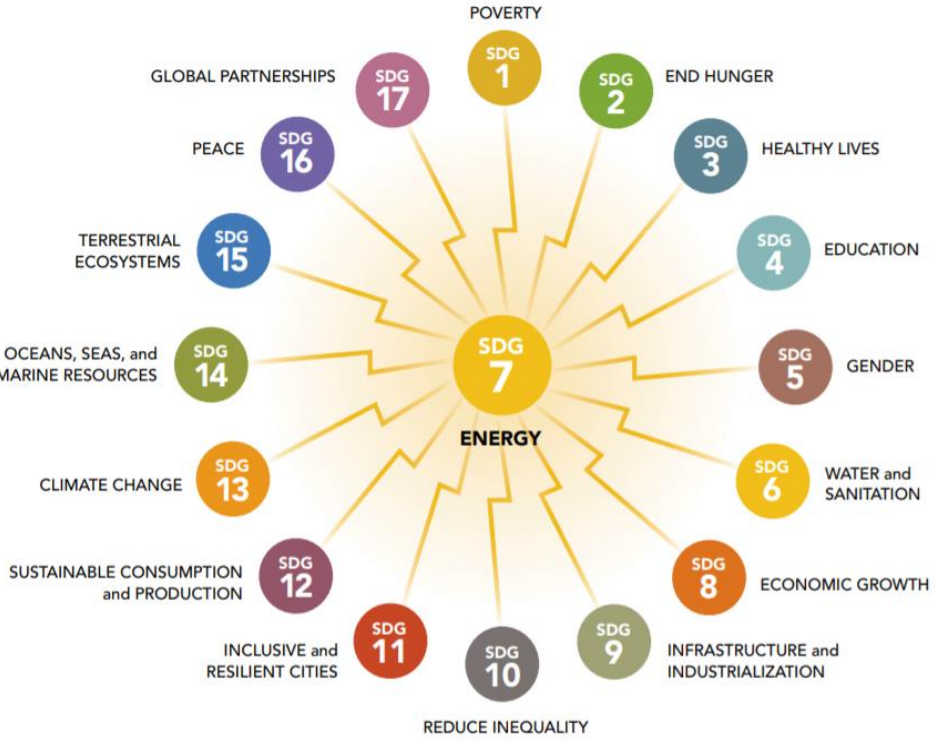
## Energy Access in Nigeria



New connections by 2030  
 ■ On-grid  
 ■ Mini-grids  
 ■ Stand-alone systems  
 — Existing  
 - - - Planned

Building centralized grid is too expensive

20<sup>th</sup> century centralized grid is not the answer!



### Feedback – Global Energy Access Forum Workshop:

- Utilities pursue grid extension model even when demand is too low & economics doesn't work.
- In the decentralized space, utilities left out of the discussion while they must be part of the solution.
- US\$41 billion needed annually, **\$16 billion spent in 2018, 1% of it for off-grid** which will electrify 30%

- >700 million live with no electricity, and 3 billion live with extreme energy poverty (<\$1.90/day), but pay the most/kWh
- After 30 years & \$B's spent, **only 15 million** living off-grid have Tier 2 access (200 Wh/day)

- Maybe energy access is not an access problem, but is a 'demand' problem
- Maybe energy poverty is not an energy problem but is a 'poverty' problem

# Challenges with Existing Approaches

**Centralized:** High cost, long implementation cycles, skilled labor to install & operate, inflexible, fossil fuels, needs non-existent base load

**Distributed:** Top down microgrids and SHS too expensive & customized, cannot start small and expand as needed. Need for future integration with the grid poses a challenge.

**Enabling Technologies & Services Needed:** Ecosystems for data analysis, pay-go, efficient appliances, finance, business development & ability to monetize multiple value streams.

**Loads Served:** Significant progress in solar lights and phone charging, but virtuous cycle will not start until productive uses are addressed, and livelihoods are improved – high cost of energy is challenging.

Today's solutions are customized, not-interoperable, require expert technical support in the field and are generally difficult & expensive to scale



0 watts



Grain Milling Transformation

7500 watts



500 watts



Source: Silard Liptak, Agsol, IEEE Energy Access Workshop, June 30, 2021



# TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION AND ENERGY ACCESS

- Technologies needed to solve energy access problems for LDCs existing and mature?
- Are policy, finance and the invisible hand of the market all that is needed for success?
- Can current strategies be technically and economically viable at scale?

➔ **NO!**

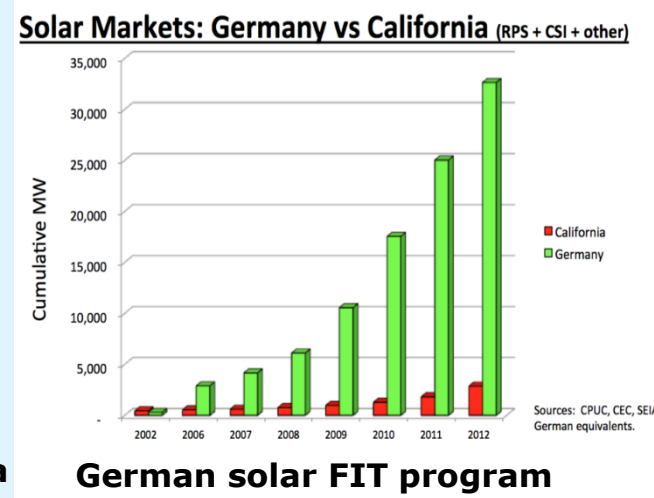
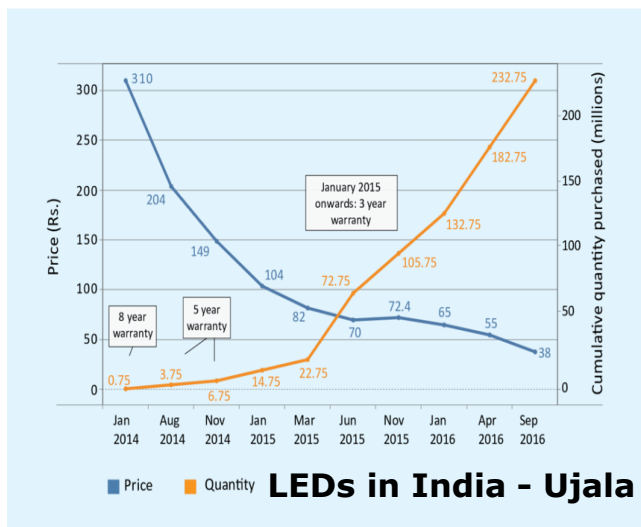
- Technology Needs** – connectivity, lighting, cooking, cooling & cold chain, water, transportation, productivity, health, sanitation, agriculture, etc.
- Attributes for Scaling** – affordable; flexible; start small & expand; easy to install, use & maintain; interoperable across vendors; life cycle; e-waste

**Power of the Sun**  
 Nigeria - 12.5 GW pk  
 - 36.4 GWH/yr  
 PV farm of ~20 x 20 km  
 can meet energy need



JOHN KEANE  
 Let's Get Real: Energy Access is Leaving Everyone Behind  
*Next Billion Series: New Frontiers in Renewable Energy*  
 CLIMATE AND ENVIRONMENT  
**Bill Gates: 'We need an energy miracle'**

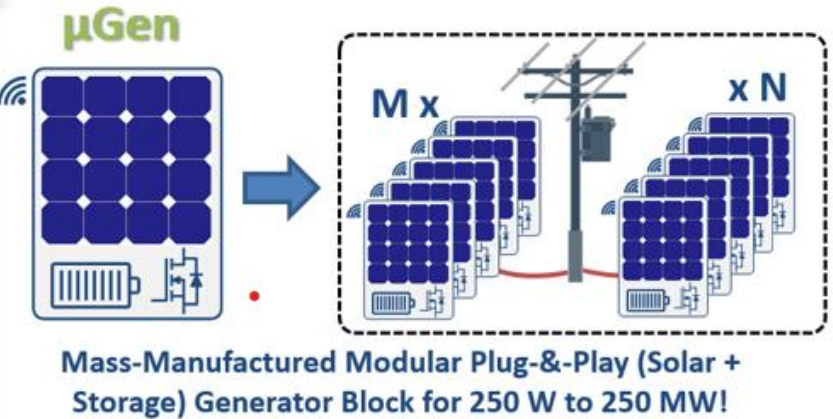
**Leapfrog Opportunity: 21<sup>st</sup> Century Technologies with Steep & Sustained Learning Curves Meet Forward Leaning Incentives to Spark Growth**



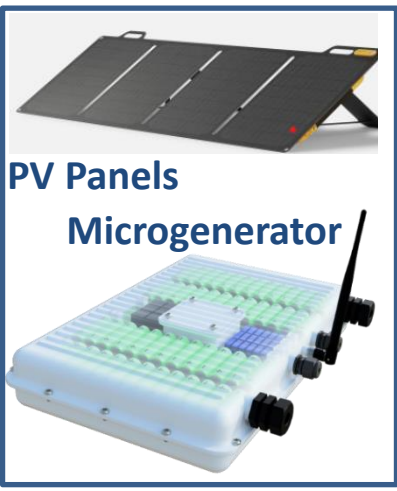
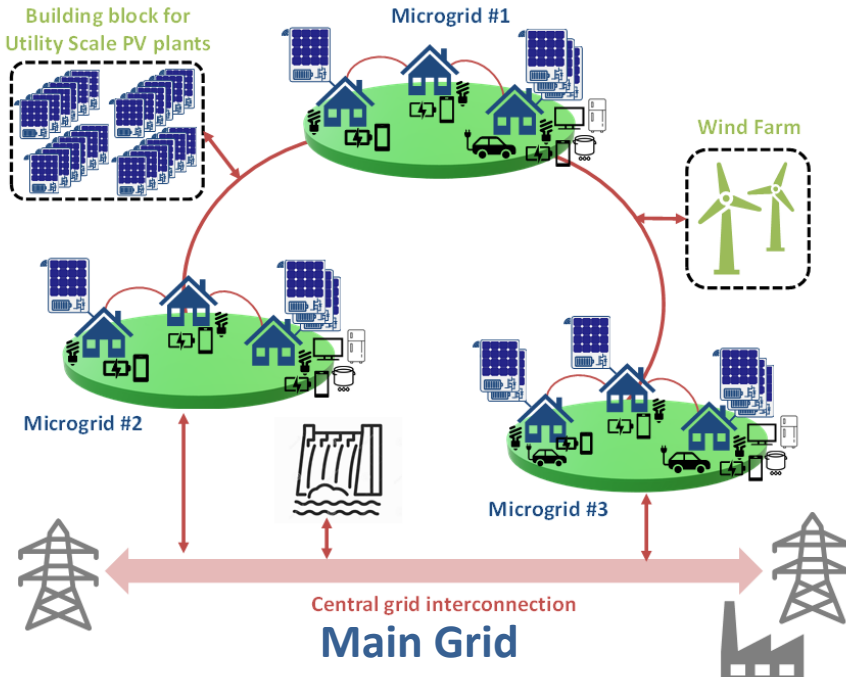
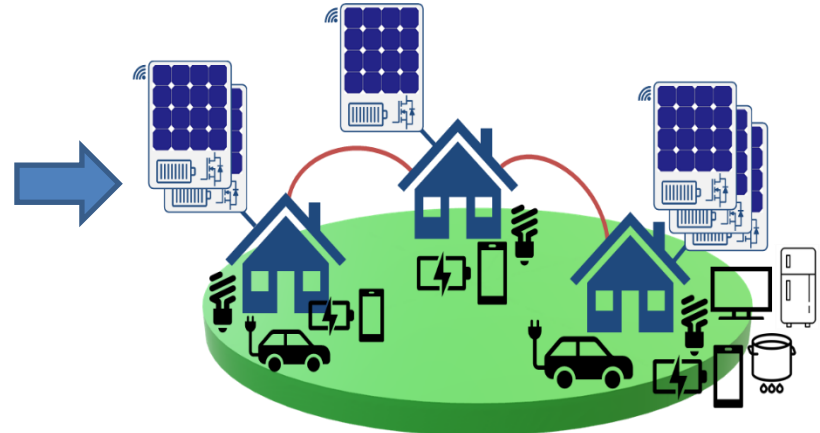
**German solar FIT program**

# Bottom-up Scalable Electricity Ecosystem

Miracle: Magical plug-n-play modules that can realize a bottom-up decentralized grid at any scale – DC nanogrids, single-home systems, small microgrids to large utility scale systems - flexible, collaborative, interoperable & low cost



Single Home      Multi-Home Microgrid



- Key Elements:**
- Solar panels – 250W to 500W, 24-48 VDC
  - Battery Storage – 4-8 hours 48 VDC swappable modules
  - Standard AC/DC voltages – 240 VAC 1 ph, 415 VAC 3 ph, 48 VDC
  - Start small & expand as needed – 250 watt to 100 MW+
  - Supports multi-vendor supply – modular interoperable design
  - Intrinsically safe and self protecting, easy to use

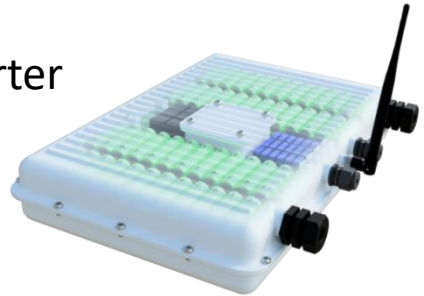
Such a scalable system seems aspirational and impossible - but is now viable!

# Democratize Energy... empower the local communities

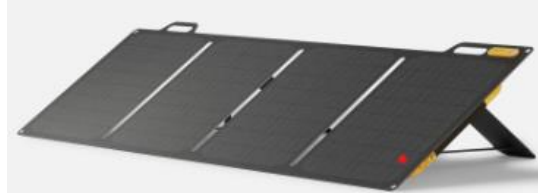
### Attributes:

- Globally sourced modules from multiple vendors
- Local low-skill assembly, install & maintenance
- Interoperability and flexibility (tech agnostic spec)
- Incentives to accelerate scaling & breakeven
- Enable additional value streams w/ connectivity
- Standard AC & DC power for standard appliances
- Connect to the AC grid when it is built
  
- Tiered real-time pricing provide service options –
  - lowest cost energy (direct solar) - \$
  - reliable minimal service (w/ storage) - \$\$
  - high reliability energy (w/ generation) - \$\$\$

Storage +  
Microconverter



PV Panels



Swappable  
Battery Packs



All elements exhibit  
steep learning curves!

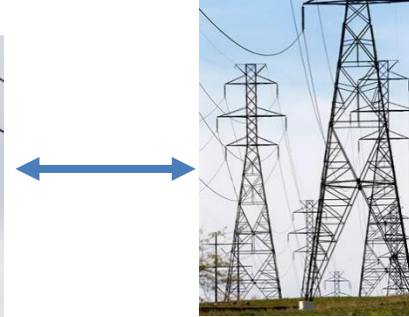
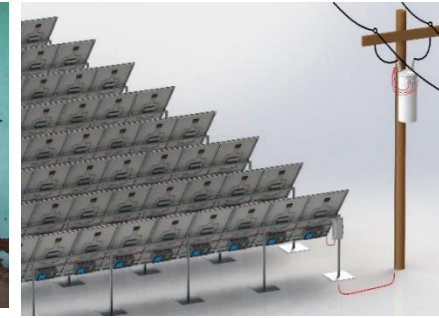
AC systems from SHS,  
microgrids, community  
grids to utility scale grids

Offgrid 48 VDC systems for  
appliances, DC nanogrids,  
transportation, tools,  
cooking, portable uses

**Enabling Technologies:** Power electronics, IoT, Pay-Go, LEDs, motor drives, automation, communications, digital devices, fin-tec, recycle

Energy access needs sophisticated 21<sup>st</sup> century exponential technologies, that are made simple to use – e.g. mobile phones!

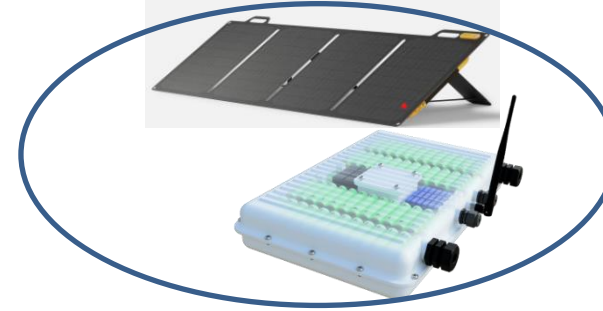
# Bottom-up Scalable Electricity Ecosystem



Main Grid



DC Ecosystem



AC Ecosystem



Both DC and AC ecosystems can be built using a few standardized smart interoperable devices for plug-n-play operation, allowing scale and economic viability by riding on steep learning curves



# IEEE PELS ENGAGEMENT IN ENERGY ACCESS



## ❖ Empower a Billion Lives

Foster global innovation

## ❖ Global Energy Access Forum

Provide technical leadership, facilitate multistakeholder dialogue towards alignment in goals, strategy and approaches

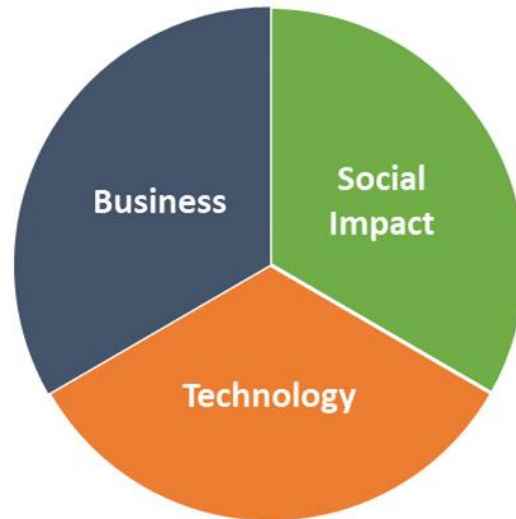


## IEEE EMPOWER A BILLION LIVES (EBL)

Recurring competition to foster interdisciplinary innovation in the global community to develop/demonstrate/derisk scalable sustainable energy access solutions

### EBL Approach:

- Bottom-up needs assessment
- Local entrepreneurial teams
- Develop/demonstrate/derisk
- Scalable sustainable exponential-technologies
- Technology/Business/Impact



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# Empower A Billion Lives (EBL-II) Global Competition



[www.empowerabillionlives.org](http://www.empowerabillionlives.org)

- TRACK D: DECENTRALIZED UTILITY MODEL
- TRACK C: CENTRALIZED UTILITY MODEL
- TRACK A: AUTOMATION-CENTRIC SOLUTION
- TRACK P: END-USE ENERGY (PRODUCTIVE USE)
- TRACK E: ENABLING TECHNOLOGIES
- TRACK S: STUDENT TEAMS

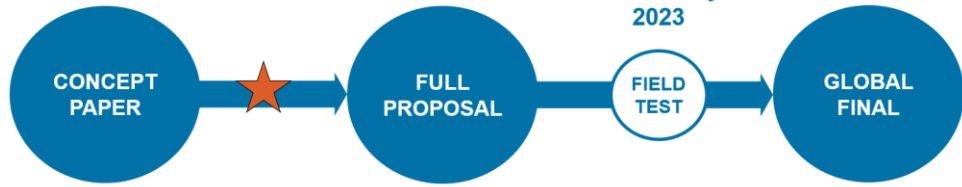
TECHNOLOGY  
BUSINESS MODEL  
SOCIAL IMPACT  
FIELD TESTING

PRIZES & AWARDS  
~\$600,000  
2 STUDENT TEAMS

1 April 2022

1 August 2022

1 October 2022-  
15 January  
2023



March 2023  
Orlando, FL



EBL-I (2019)



EBL-II (2023)

Orlando, Florida, USA

EBL-2: 100 teams from 43 nations



# Select EBL Teams

Turning organic waste into food & energy

## D-OLIVETTE'S PRODUCTS



D-Olivette's Kitchen Box turns household organic waste to clean cooking For Rural & Urban Woman - Used in Kitchens -- \$99.00 & Above



D-Olivette's Bio-tank: Turns Animal, Farm & Human Waste into Biogas & Fertilizer. Used as Bioseptic Systems for homes, farms, communities & businesses - Buried underground. - Only \$248 & Above



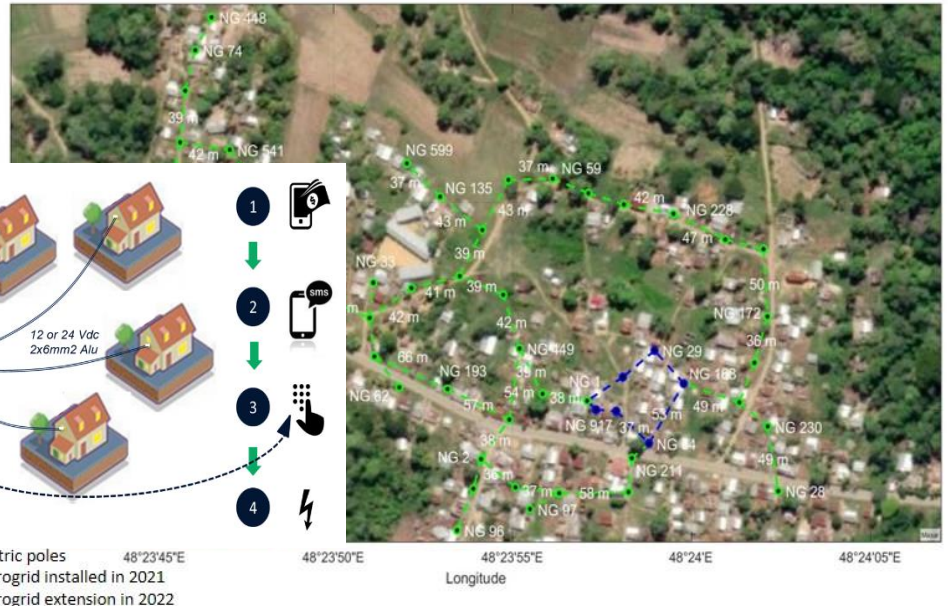
REEDDI



SOLAR FREEZE



## 2023 1<sup>st</sup> prize: Nanoe Nanogrid, Madagascar



**Standard Microgrid**  
[www.standardmicrogrid.com](http://www.standardmicrogrid.com)  
 USA | Zambia | South Africa | DRC



**SoULS** : To create an open-source market ecosystem for off-grid solar products through sustainable local supply, assembly & service – **Production by the Masses, not for the Masses**

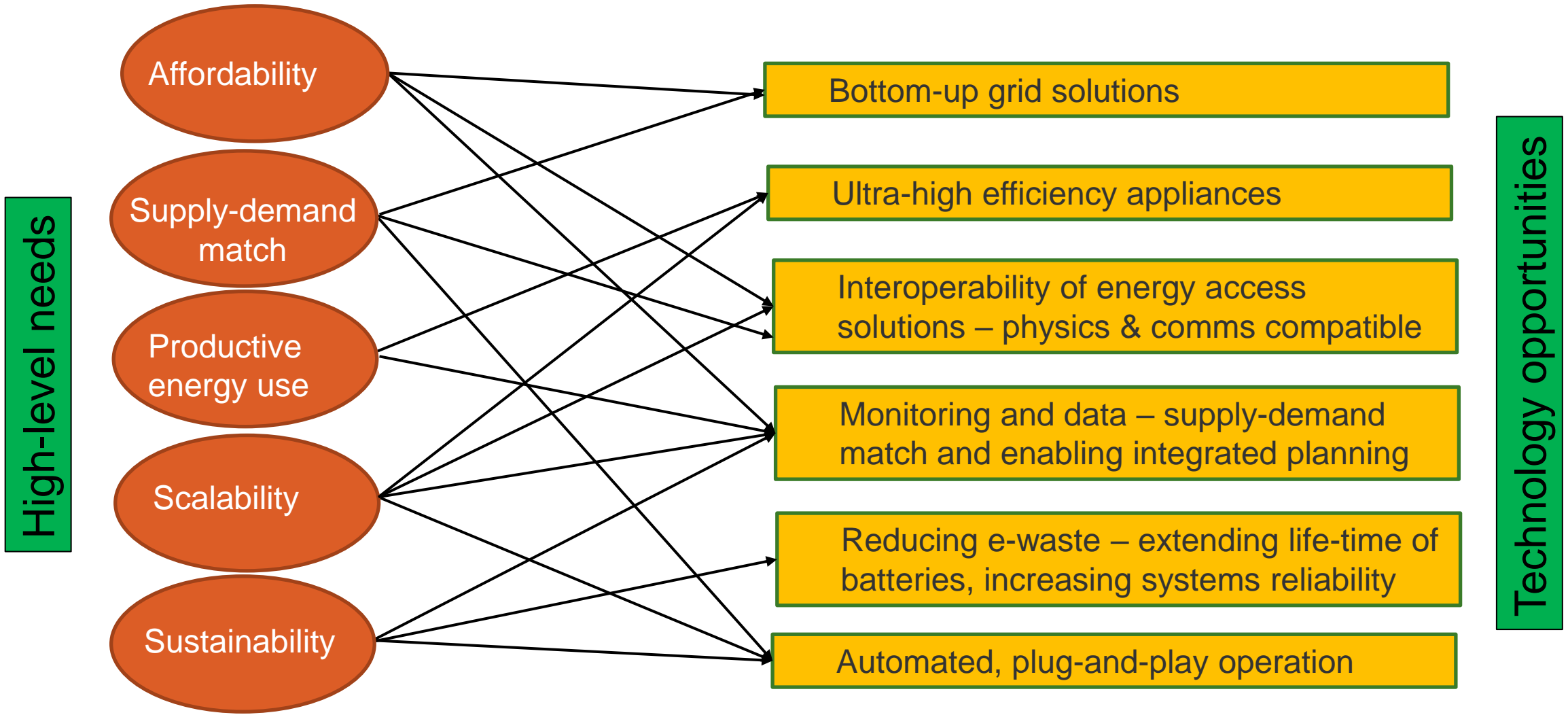


**ABOUT SOLARWORX**

- SHS, Appliances, MESH
- EPC in Germany and Africa
- B2B working with developer in SSA
- In 10+ countries in SSA
- Key markets Zambia, Cameroon, Nigeria
- 25,000 people electrified



# TECHNOLOGY NEEDS AND LEAPFROG INNOVATION OPPORTUNITIES



**Enable foundational scalable building blocks & human ingenuity will apply them**



# TNA Recommendations – EBL Perspective

## ■ Working in Organizational Silos

- Each stakeholder operates with their own organizational priorities, targets and KPIs, typically focusing on different small-scale interventions over short time horizons
- Assessing fast-moving technologies is a challenge for policy makers, funders, NGOs. Involve relevant stakeholders in the process — tackle organizational silos
- Shared vision of success and holistic solutions through a joint effort of all relevant stakeholders towards strategic and pragmatic aligned vertical specific activities

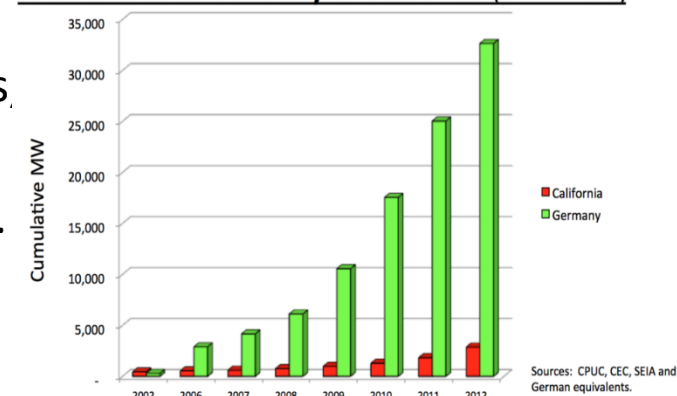
## ■ Integrated Energy Plans

- Robust national plans with government buy-in and long-term commitment create a point to converge around - enables coordination by govt, private sector & finance
- Correctly timed incentives around high potential technologies with steep learning curves can have dramatic impact in rapidly evolving technology landscape

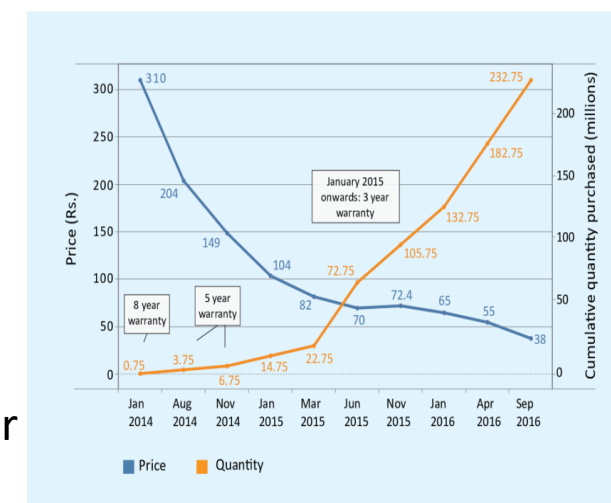
## ■ Major Challenges: Productive Use of Energy, Transportation, Clean Cooking and Cooling

- Productive Use of Energy is key to economic development and climbing energy ladder solar pumps, cold storage, agri-processing, cooking, cooling & transportation
- Important issues: context customization & affordability; data analysis, finance access, business development support, stronger domestic value chains, market linkage.

Solar Markets: Germany vs California (RPS + CSI + other)



German solar FIT program



LEDs in India - Ujala



# TNA Recommendations – EBL Perspective

## Technology Approach

- Identify desired high-level attributes which meet social and financial objectives, rather than creating a repository of existing technologies – enabling technologies can alleviate many challenges that are perceived as socio-economic
- Develop requirements and specifications that are holistic and tech-agnostic (including sustainability & life cycle) & support modular interoperable solutions for scaling
- Policies need to accelerate fast-moving technologies with steep learning curves that are nearing parity, and to integrate them with national plans to achieve multiple objectives
- Consider energy as an ecosystem, defining a bottom-up architecture that can start small and expand as needed, integrating with the national level grid when it arrives
- The new energy system represents a paradigm shift – from centralized dispatched system to a decentralized system that is based on many advanced enabling technologies
- Look for technology synergies across Global South & North – with Global South as the testbed for scaling new innovative technologies thru energy access

**Don't need energy – need livelihood & services**

*“An energy ladder without increasing incomes is a ladder to nowhere”*

Greg Neichin/ Diane Isenberg, Mary Roach, Next Billion

**For the first time ever, forces of economics & climate are aligned!**

**Forward leaning policies and incentives are key to accelerating energy access**

# EMPOWER A BILLION LIVES

[ddivan@gatech.edu](mailto:ddivan@gatech.edu)  
[www.empowerabillionlives.org](http://www.empowerabillionlives.org)

**Thank you**